



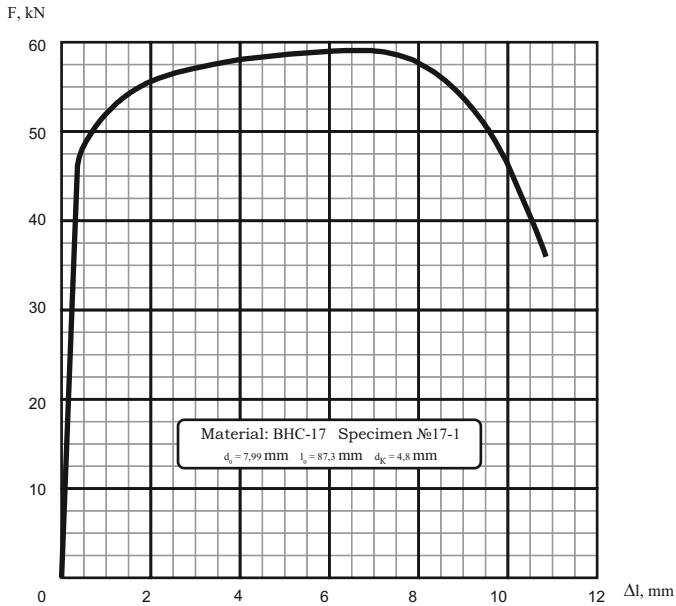
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МАТЕРИАЛАМ

## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

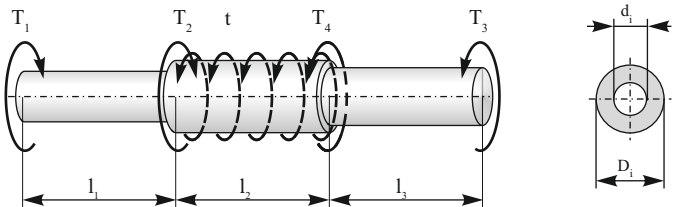
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		1
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.

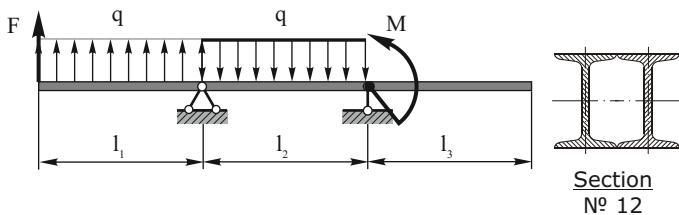


**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,3	0,8	0,5	22	36	31	15

$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,6	0,4	3,0	0,4	2,1	0,4	AMuM

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

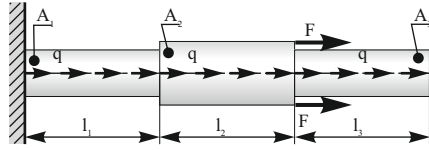


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

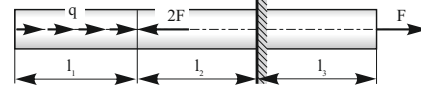
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel brand
0,7	0,6	0,5	43	41	24	Cr5

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

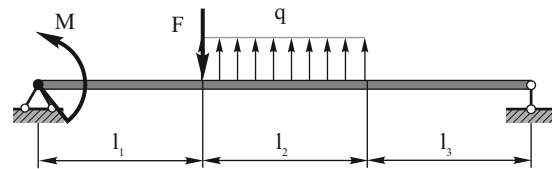
$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
33	0,2	0,4	1,0

$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
14	2,5	1,5	2,7

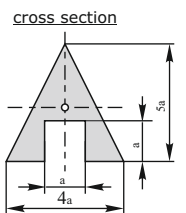
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
20X
$A_4, cm^2$
7,7

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

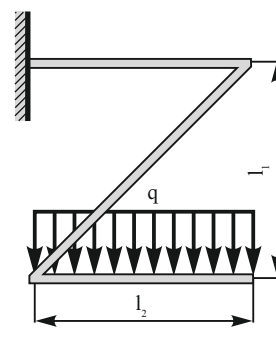


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

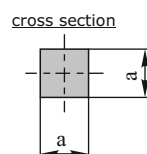


$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,2	0,3	0,2	20	5	5	C412-28

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.





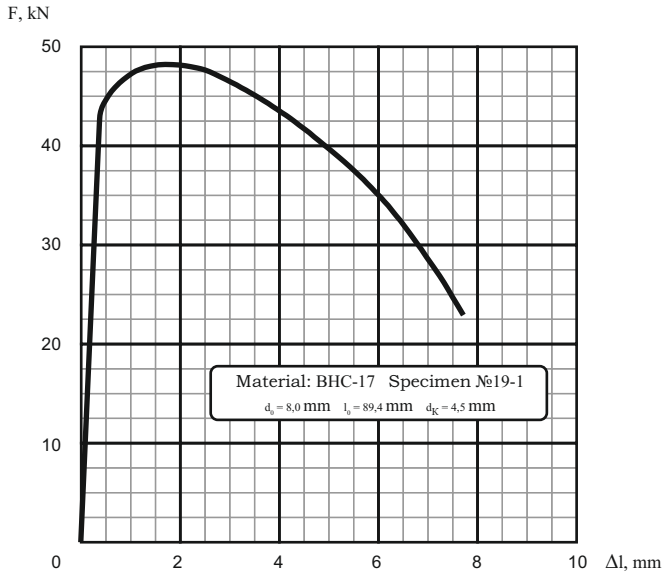
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

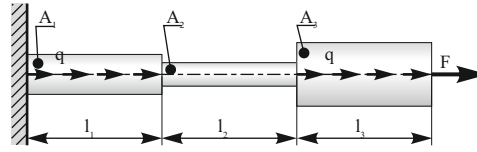
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		2
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



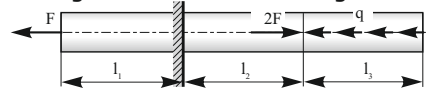
**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

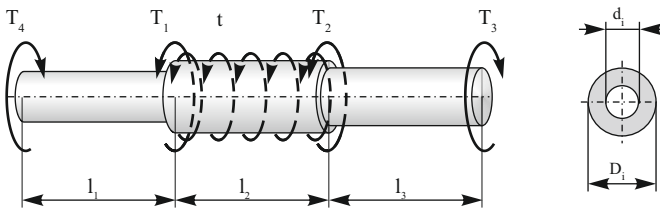
#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

F, kN	$l_1$ , m	$l_2$ , m	$l_3$ , m
16	0,9	0,7	0,9
q, kN/m	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
17	2,4	3,0	2,4

#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
40X
$A_4, \text{cm}^2$
9,3

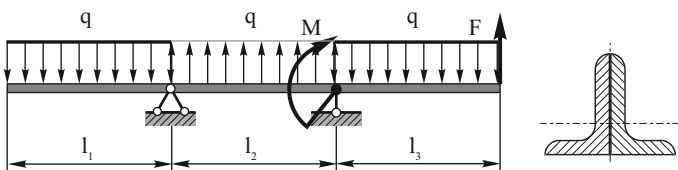
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d \wedge 3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1$ , m	$l_2$ , m	$l_3$ , m	t, kNm/m	$T_1$ , kNm	$T_2$ , kNm	$T_3$ , kNm
0,8	0,8	0,3	14	43	48	28
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
1,4	0,3	1,9	0,3	2,4	0,3	AMr2M

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.



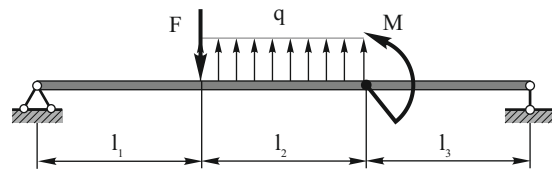
Section № 10/6,3

**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

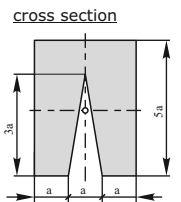
#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

$l_1$ , m	$l_2$ , m	$l_3$ , m	F, kN	q, kN/m	M, kNm	Steel brand
0,5	0,8	0,4	24	30	41	Cr4

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

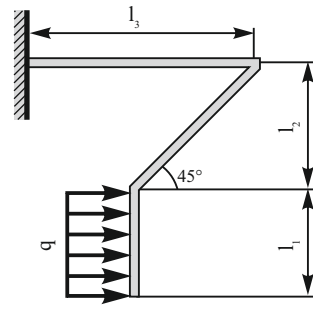


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.



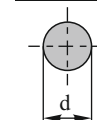
$l_1$ , m	$l_2$ , m	$l_3$ , m	F, kN	q, kN/m	M, kNm	Material
0,3	0,1	0,2	25	15	21	СЧ15-32

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.

#### cross section





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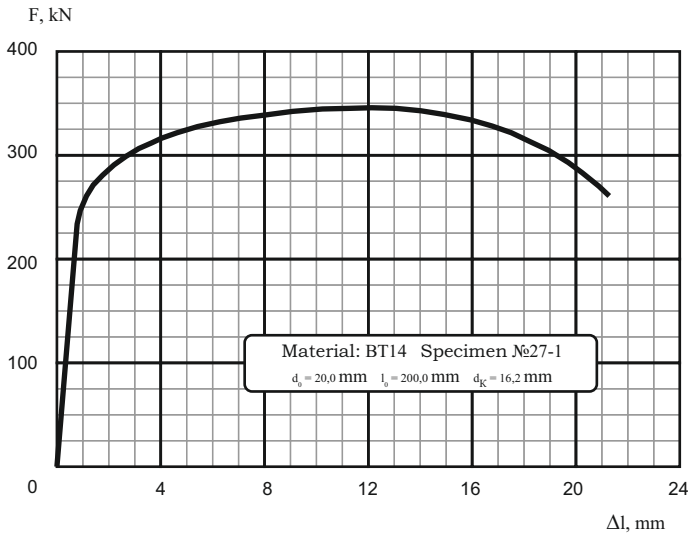
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

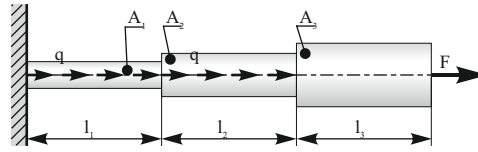
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		3
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.

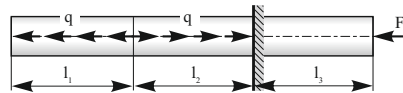


**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

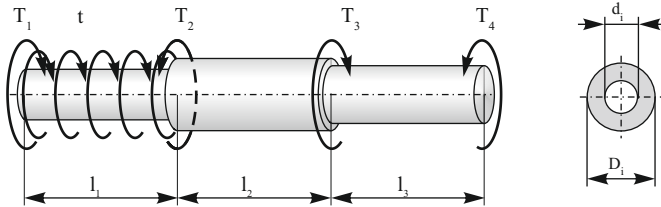
F, kN	$l_1$ , m	$l_2$ , m	$l_3$ , m
20	0,2	1,0	0,4
q, kN/m	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
11	2,6	1,6	1,9

### Additional data for task 3:

Material
45X
$A_4$ , cm <sup>2</sup>
8,4

### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.

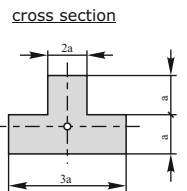
### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.



**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

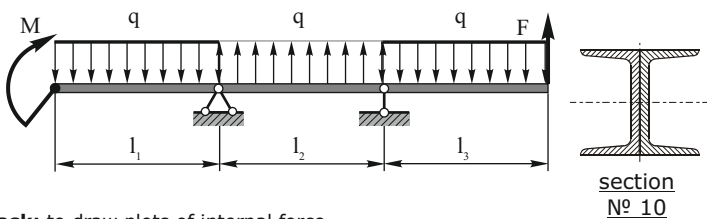


$l_1$ , m	$l_2$ , m	$l_3$ , m	t, kNm/m	$T_1$ , kNm	$T_2$ , kNm	$T_3$ , kNm
0,6	0,6	0,2	28	21	15	27
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
1,5	0,7	2,0	0,7	2,3	0,7	AMr2Π

$l_1$ , m	$l_2$ , m	$l_3$ , m	F, kN	q, kN/m	M, kNm	Material
0,1	0,2	0,3	25	10	10	C418-38

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

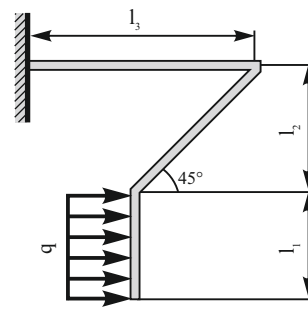
### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



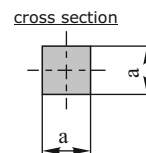
**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

$l_1$ , m	$l_2$ , m	$l_3$ , m	F, kN	q, kN/m	M, kNm	Steel brand
0,3	0,2	0,5	40	38	39	Cr3



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.





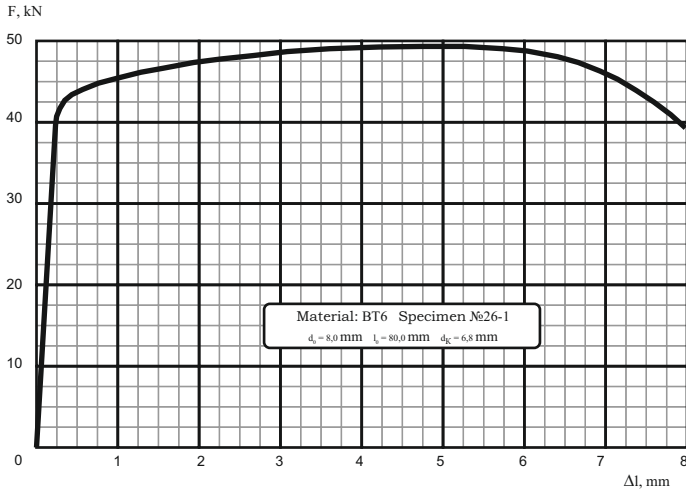
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

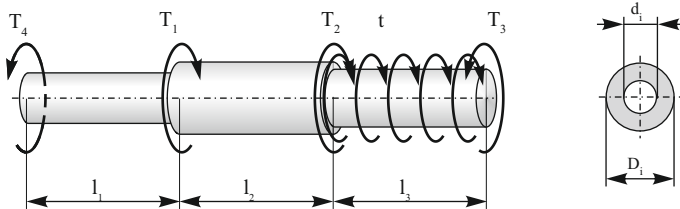
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		4
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.

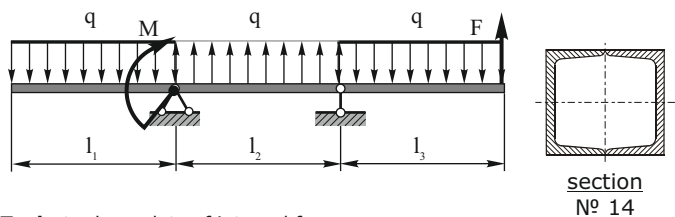


**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,2	0,8	0,7	16	32	47	13

$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,9	0,7	2,0	0,7	1,7	0,7	AMr6

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

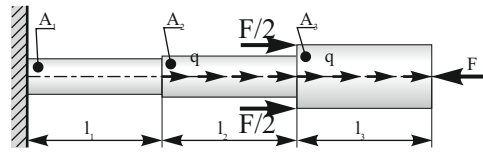


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

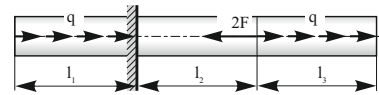
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel brand
0,5	0,6	0,8	30	8	48	Cr2

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

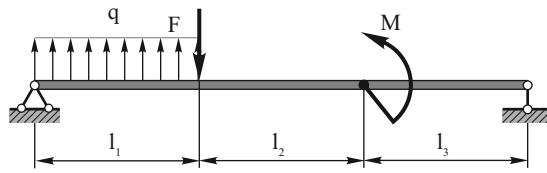
$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
24	0,4	0,4	0,5

$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
13	1,4	1,5	1,1

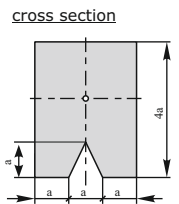
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
30XM
$A_{4s}, cm^2$
6,3

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

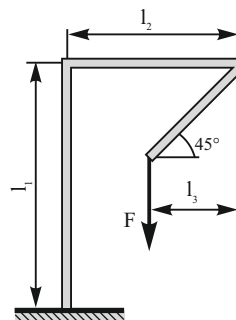


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.



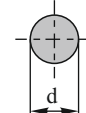
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,2	0,1	0,1	10	15	5	C421-40

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



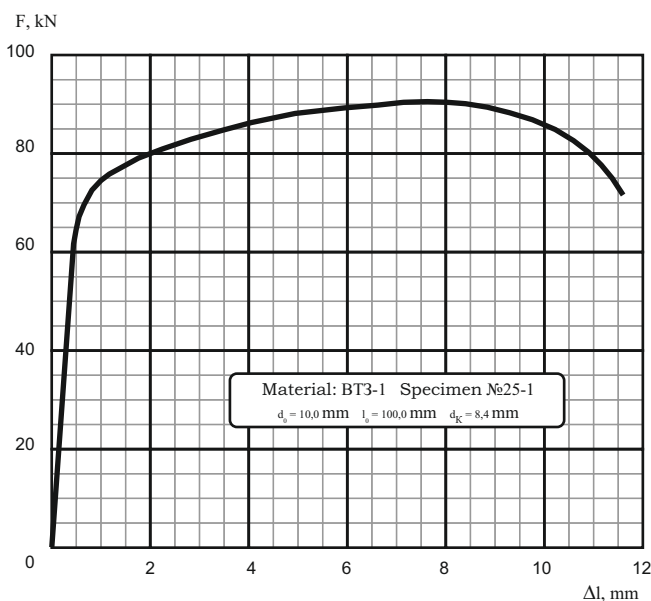
**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.

#### cross section



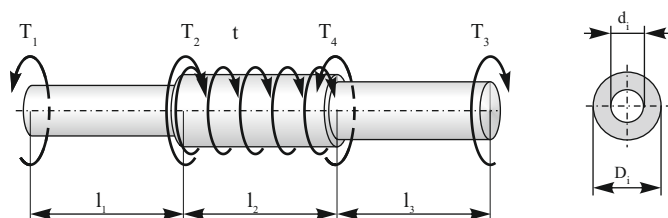
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		5
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

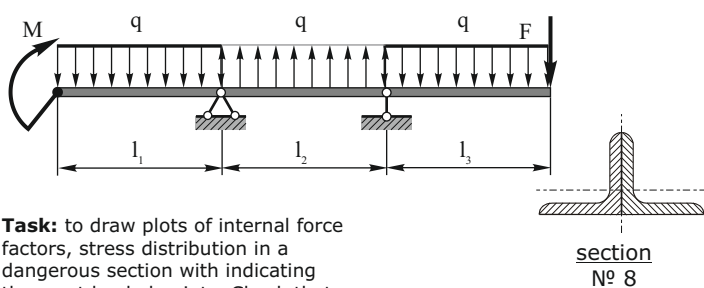
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$t, \text{ kNm/m}$	$T_1, \text{ kNm}$	$T_2, \text{ kNm}$	$T_3, \text{ kNm}$
0,8	0,8	0,3	11	41	5	44
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
3,0	0,7	1,3	0,7	2,3	0,7	AMr6M

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

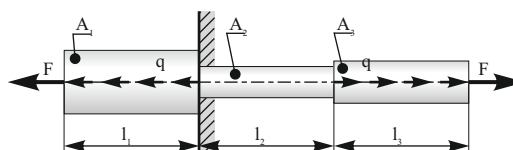


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

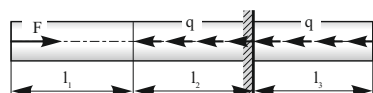
$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Steel brand
0,6	0,6	0,7	25	35	10	Cr1

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

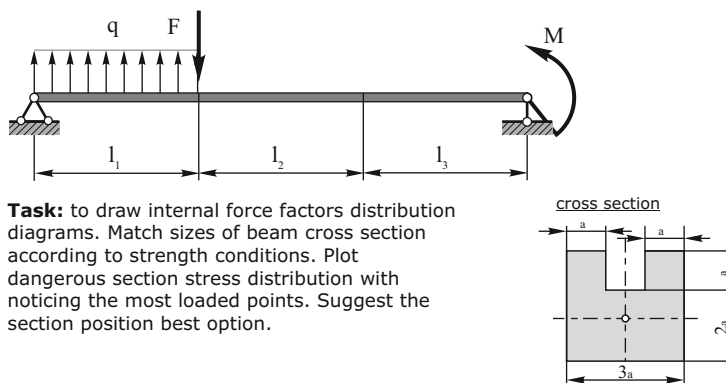
#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, \text{ kN}$	$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$
15	0,7	1,0	0,7
$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
16	2,4	2,3	1,5

#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
40XH
$A_4, \text{ cm}^2$
5,2

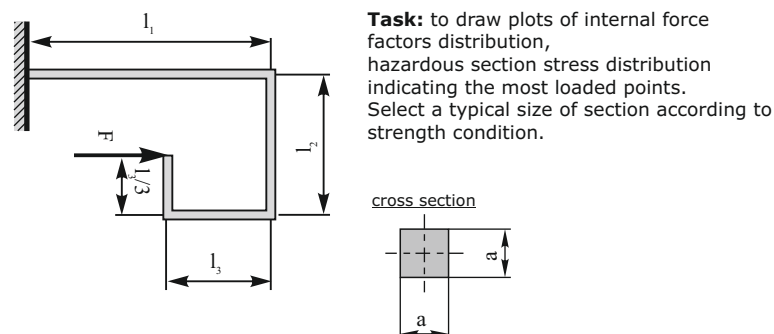
### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.



**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Material
0,1	0,3	0,4	10	50	5	CЧ24-44

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.



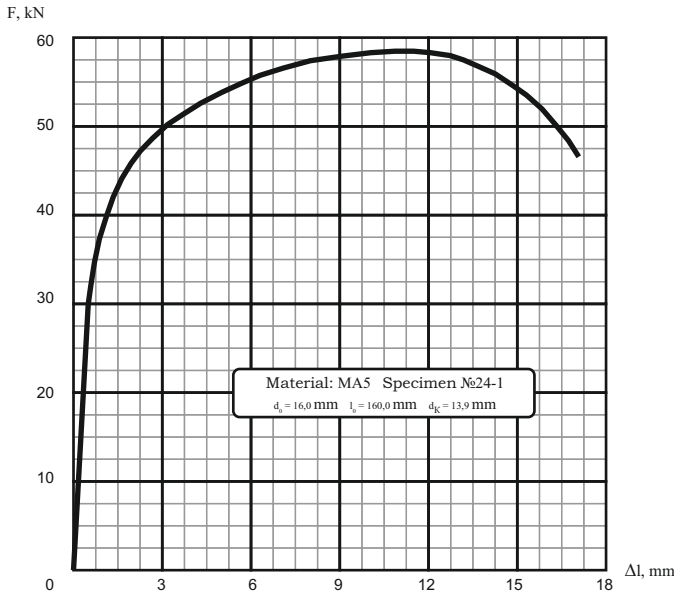
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

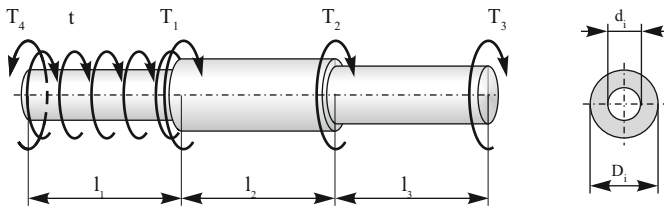
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		6
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

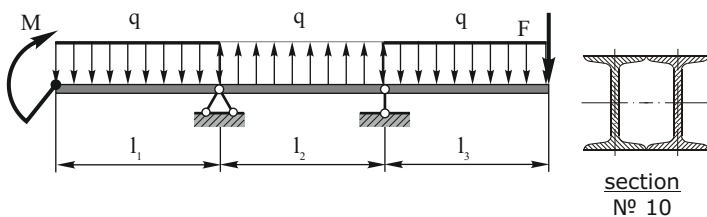
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,5	0,8	0,5	16	42	29	32
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,1	0,3	2,7	0,3	3,0	0,3	Д1 (O)

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

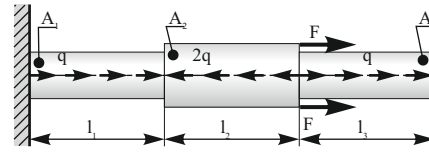


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

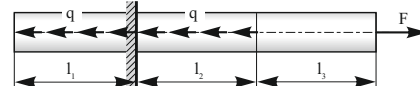
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel brand
0,2	0,6	0,3	20	36	8	60

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

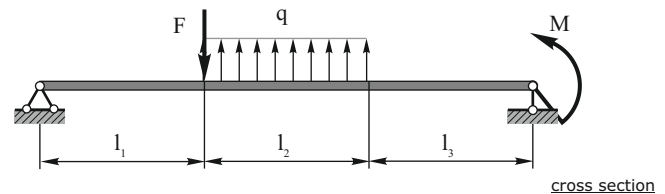
### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
31	0,4	0,3	0,2
$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
11	2,0	2,6	1,5

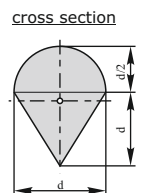
### Additional data for task 3:

Material
12XH3A
$A_4, cm^2$
6,9

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

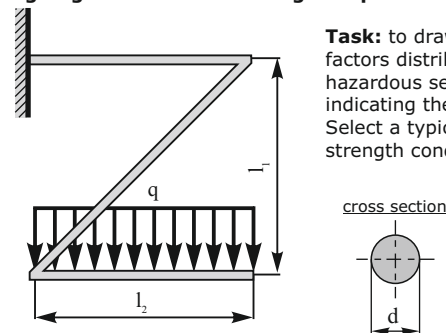


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

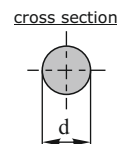


$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,1	0,1	0,4	10	60	20	С428-48

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.





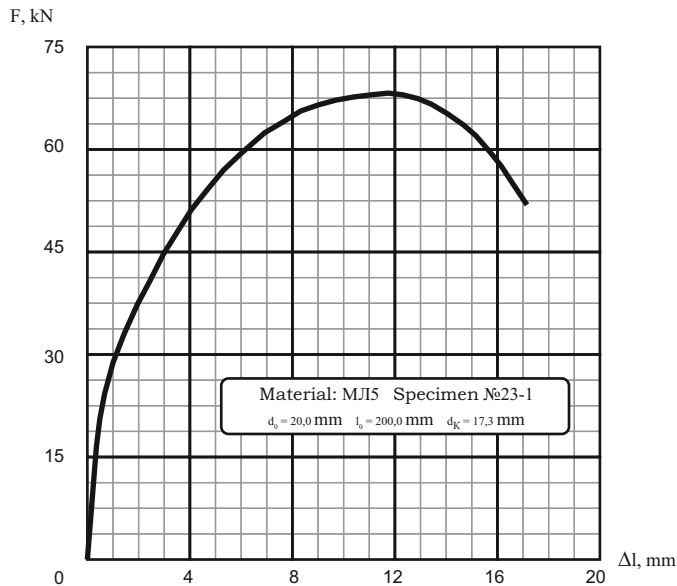
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

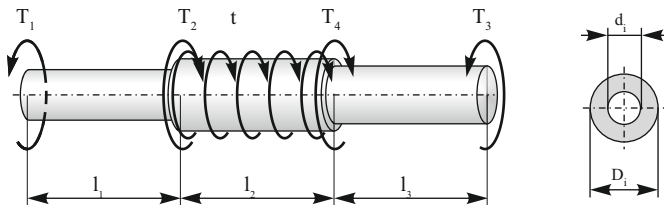
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		7
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

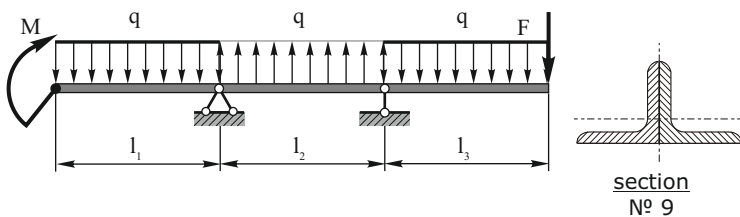
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,7	0,4	0,4	16	46	49	34
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
1,5	0,7	1,5	0,7	1,7	0,7	Д1П (3 И ЕС)

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

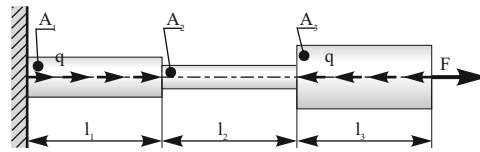


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

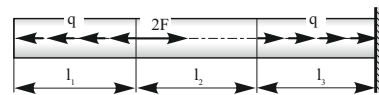
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel brand
0,3	0,7	0,5	13	5	23	50

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

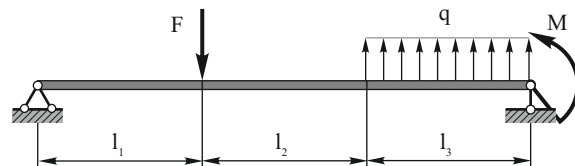
#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
20	0,2	0,1	0,1
$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
20	2,8	1,2	2,4

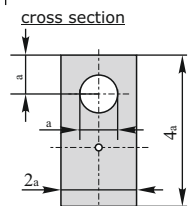
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
20XH3A
$A_{4s}, cm^2$
8,9

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

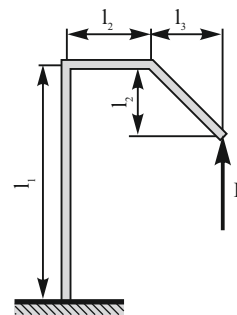


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

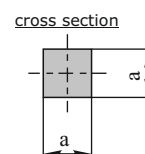


$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,5	0,1	0,1	30	30	10	С432-52

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



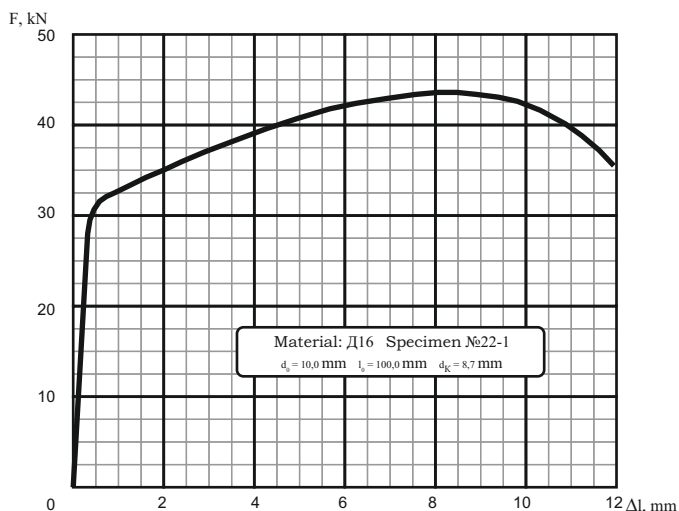
**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.



## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

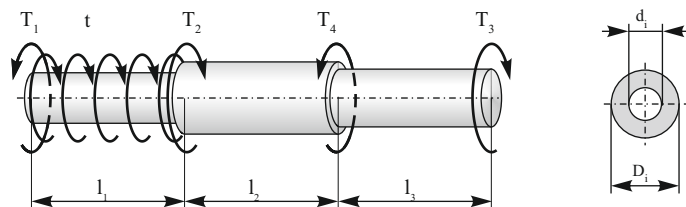
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		8
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.

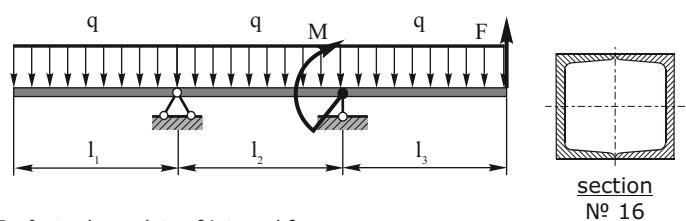


**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,6	0,8	0,8	41	43	20	37

$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,5	0,3	1,3	0,3	1,9	0,3	Д16 (O)

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

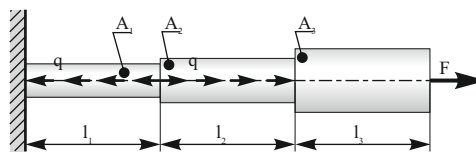


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

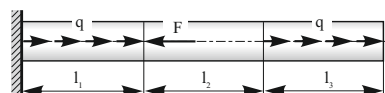
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel brand
0,6	0,2	0,5	20	36	8	40

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

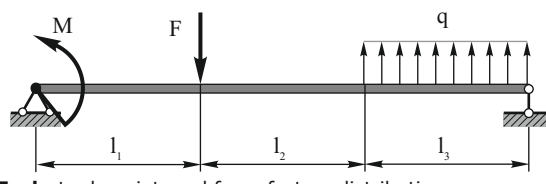
#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
26	0,3	0,1	0,8
$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
18	1,0	2,0	3,0

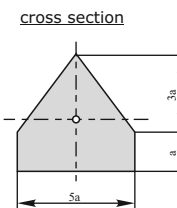
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
40XHMA
$A_4, cm^2$
8,9

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

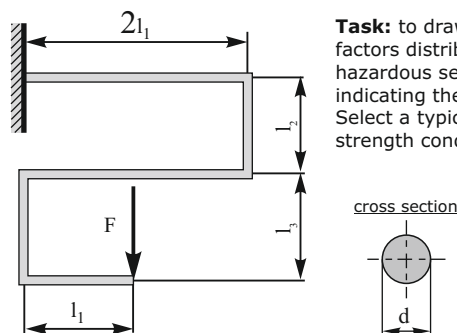


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.



$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,2	0,2	0,2	16	12	7	СЧ35-56

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.





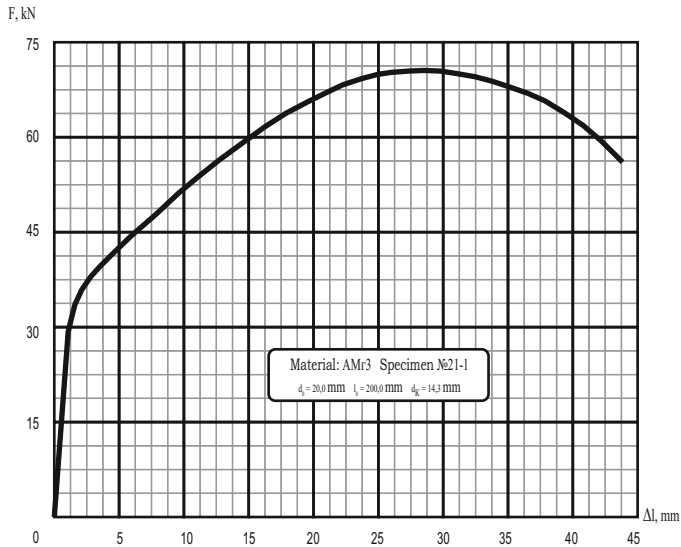
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

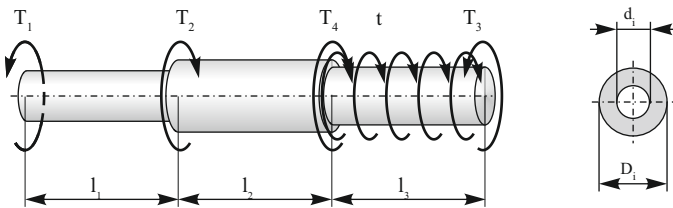
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		9
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

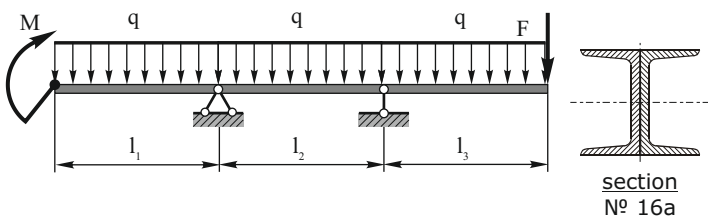
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$t, \text{ kNm/m}$	$T_1, \text{ kNm}$	$T_2, \text{ kNm}$	$T_3, \text{ kNm}$
0,4	0,4	0,7	15	40	26	28
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
1,4	0,4	1,0	0,4	1,8	0,4	Д6 (3 и ЕС)

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

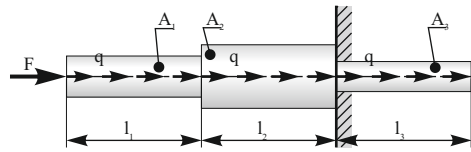


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

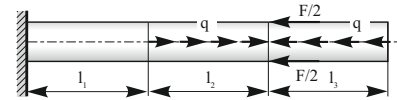
$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Steel brand
0,2	0,4	0,7	35	46	5	20

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

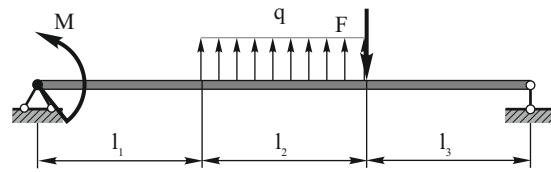
### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, \text{ kN}$	$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$
25	0,9	0,6	0,7
$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
11	3,0	2,3	2,8

### Additional data for task 3:

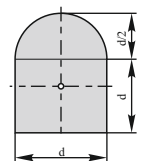
Material
15XCHД
$A_{4s}, \text{ cm}^2$
6,3

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.



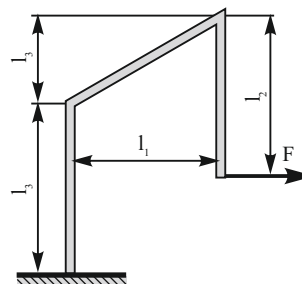
**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

cross section



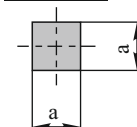
$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Material
0,2	0,2	0,2	15	13	9	СЧ38-60

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.

cross section





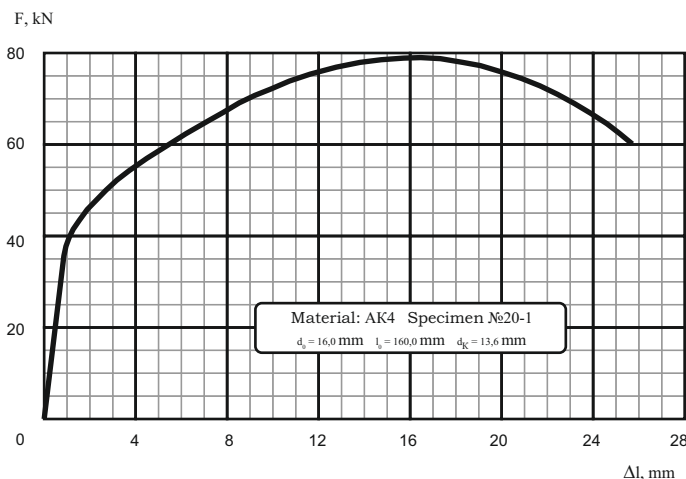
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

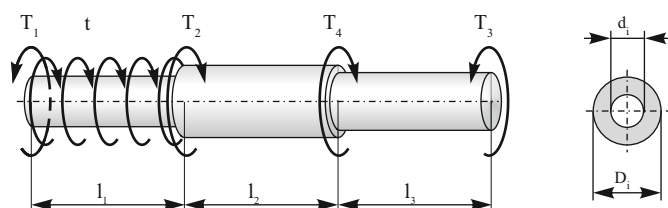
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		10
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

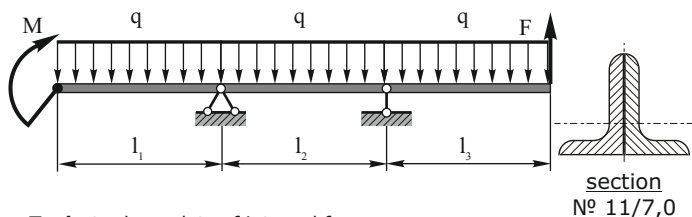
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d \wedge 3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,5	0,5	0,8	27	14	40	9
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
1,9	0,3	1,1	0,3	3,0	0,3	Д16 (O)

### 6. Cheking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

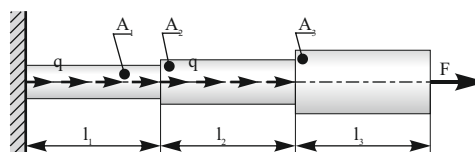


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

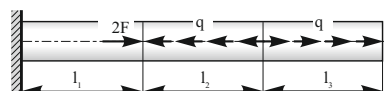
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel brand
0,8	0,7	0,5	13	5	23	30

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

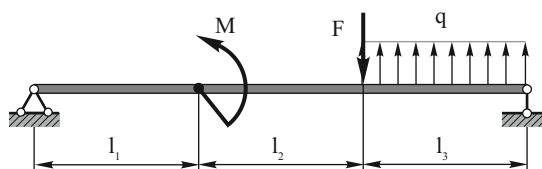
### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
30	0,2	0,4	0,1
$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
11	3,0	1,4	1,1

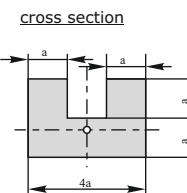
### Additional data for task 3:

Material
30XГСА
$A_4, cm^2$
9,9

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

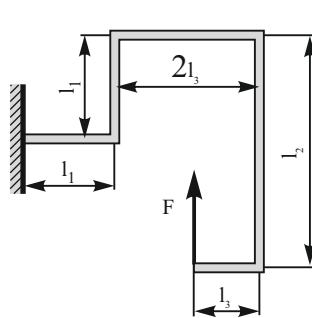


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.



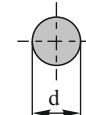
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,2	0,1	0,2	30	32	16	ВЧ45-0

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.

### cross section





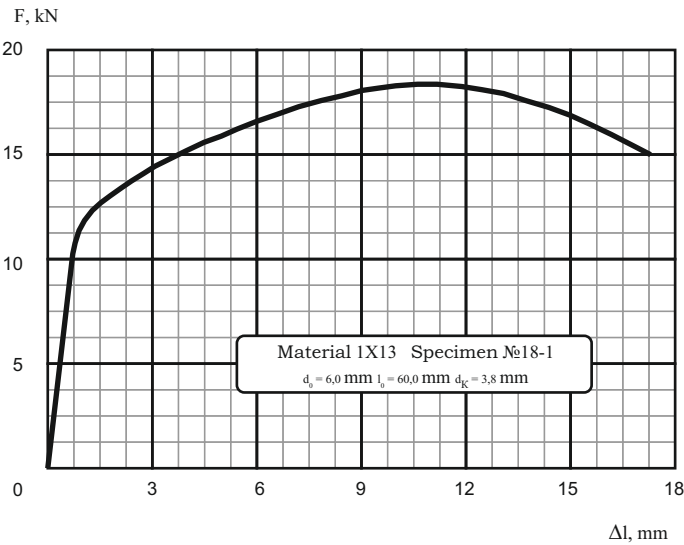
УГАТУ

кафедра  
СОПРОТИВЛЕНИЯ  
МАТЕРИАЛОВ

## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

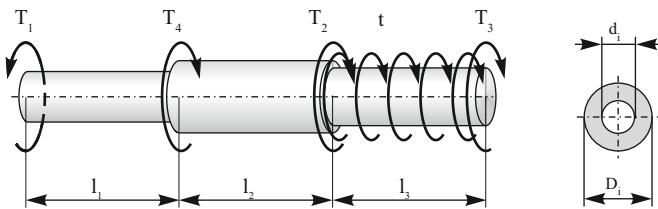
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		11
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical&mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

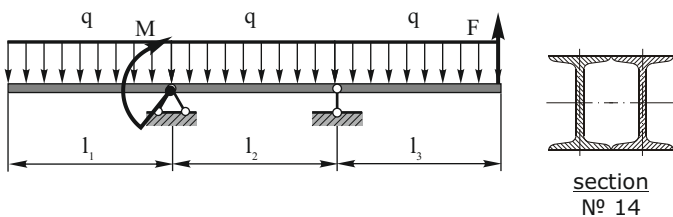
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,6	0,7	0,6	48	39	40	41
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
3,0	0,2	1,7	0,2	2,0	6/0	Д16 (3 и EC)

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

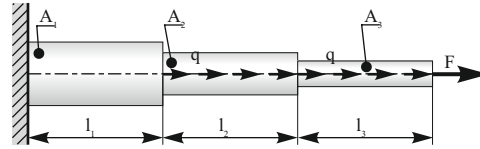


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

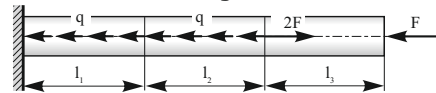
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel
0,8	0,6	0,7	36	15	36	10

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

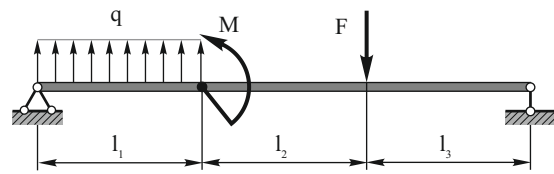
### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
32	0,5	0,3	0,2
$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
10	1,9	1,5	2,5

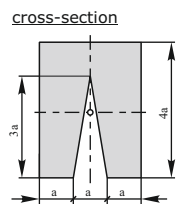
### Additional data for task 3:

Material
1X13
$A_4, cm^2$
9,2

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

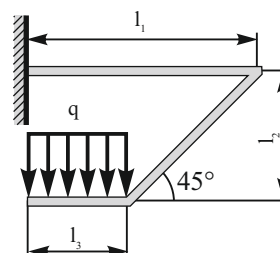


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

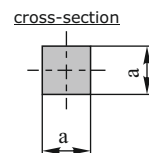


$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
1,2	1,3	1,2	8	7	6	БЧ50-1,5

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.





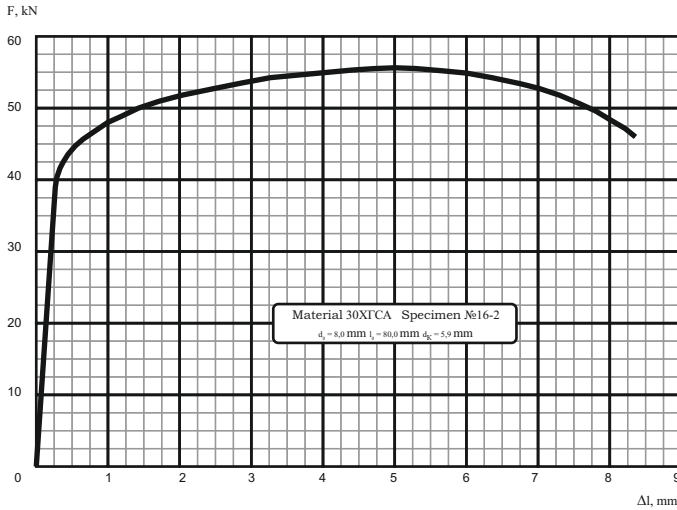
USATU

кафедра  
СОПРОТИВЛЕНИЯ  
МАТЕРИАЛОВ

## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

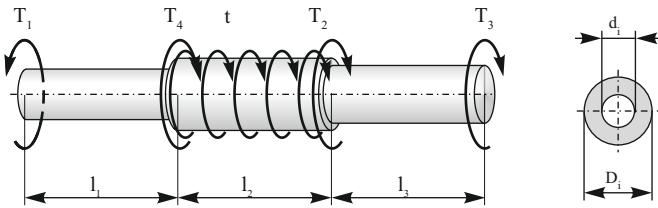
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		12
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.

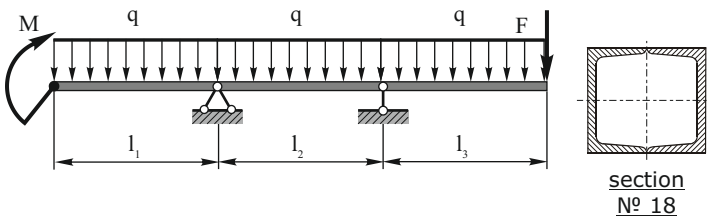


**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, \text{m}$	$l_2, \text{m}$	$l_3, \text{m}$	$t, \text{kNm/m}$	$T_1, \text{kNm}$	$T_2, \text{kNm}$	$T_3, \text{kNm}$
0,5	0,5	0,2	45	15	37	14

$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,8	0,8	2,2	0,8	2,4	6/0	Д16 (С3)

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

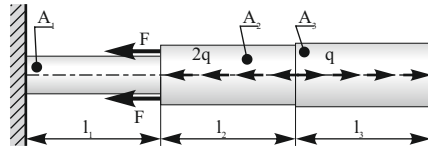


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

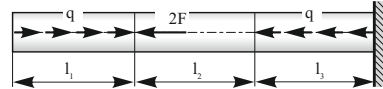
$l_1, \text{m}$	$l_2, \text{m}$	$l_3, \text{m}$	$F, \text{kN}$	$q, \text{kN/m}$	$M, \text{kNm}$	Steel
0,2	0,8	0,3	38	27	22	Ст6

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

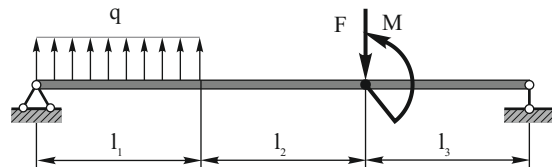
$F, \text{kN}$	$l_1, \text{m}$	$l_2, \text{m}$	$l_3, \text{m}$
26	0,1	0,8	0,2

$q, \text{kN/m}$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
13	2,5	2,4	1,4

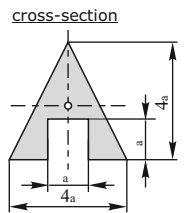
### Additional data for task 3:

Material
45X
$A_4, \text{cm}^2$
5,7

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

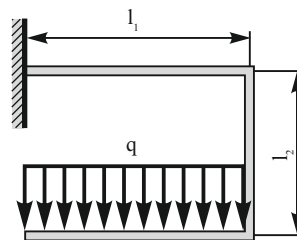


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

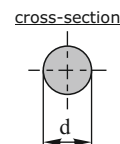


$l_1, \text{m}$	$l_2, \text{m}$	$l_3, \text{m}$	$F, \text{kN}$	$q, \text{kN/m}$	$M, \text{kNm}$	Material
1,1	1,5	0,4	10	4	4	ВЧ60-20

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



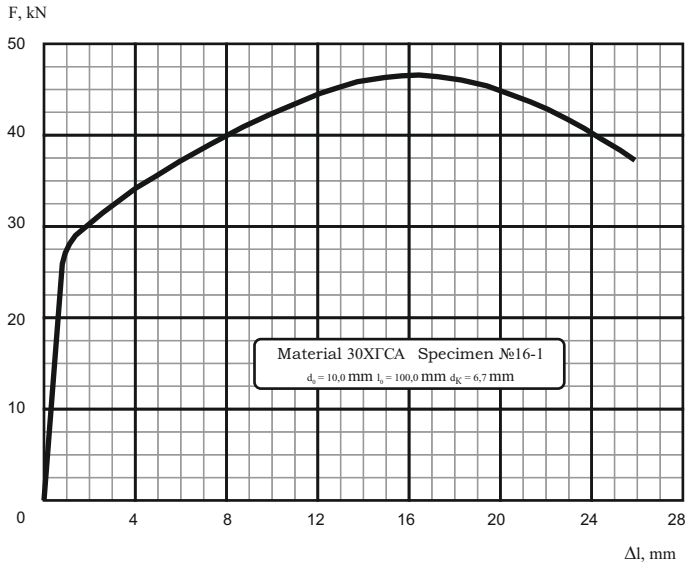
**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.



# Computational and graphical work of strength of material

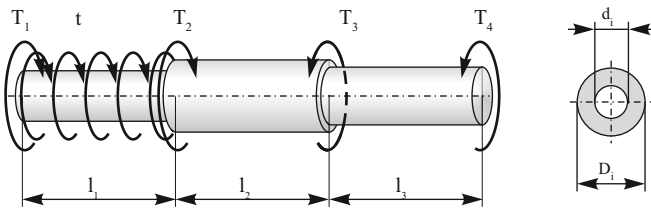
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		13
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

## 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

## 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.

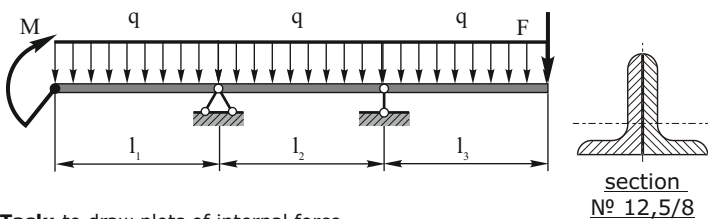


**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$t, \text{ kNm/m}$	$T_1, \text{ kNm}$	$T_2, \text{ kNm}$	$T_3, \text{ kNm}$
0,5	0,3	0,3	18	14	48	19

$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,8	0,3	1,3	0,3	2,9	6/0	АЛ1

## 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

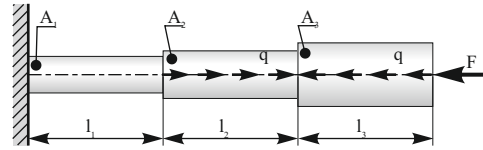


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

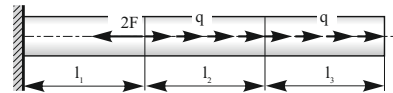
$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Steel
0,3	0,7	0,5	40	6	17	Ст5

## 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

## 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

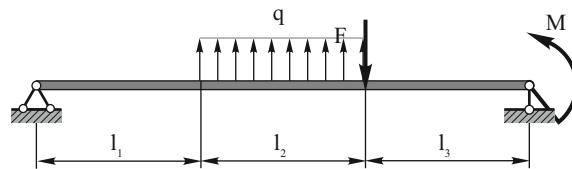
$F, \text{ kN}$	$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$
22	0,9	1,0	0,6

$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
12	1,3	1,3	1,3

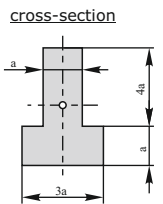
### Additional data for task 3:

Material
30ХМ
$A_4, \text{ cm}^2$
9,7

## 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

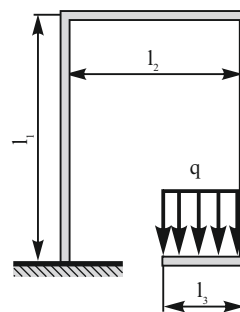


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

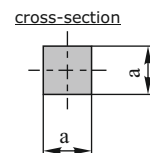


$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Material
1,0	0,8	1,2	5	10	4	ВЧ45-5

## 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.

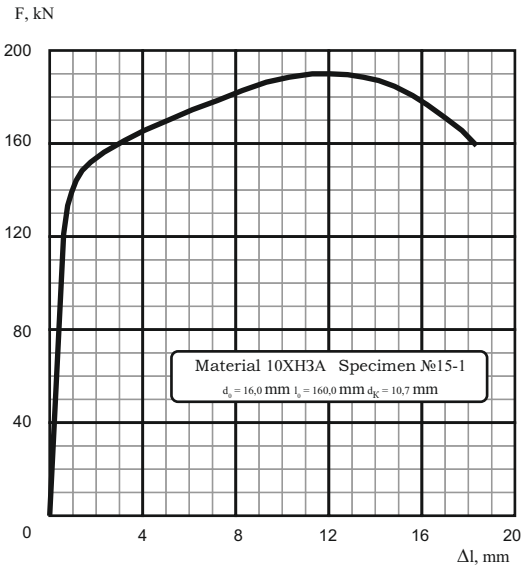


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.



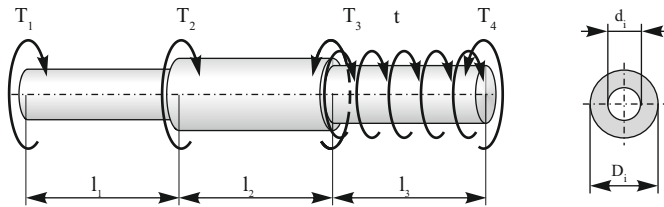
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		14
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

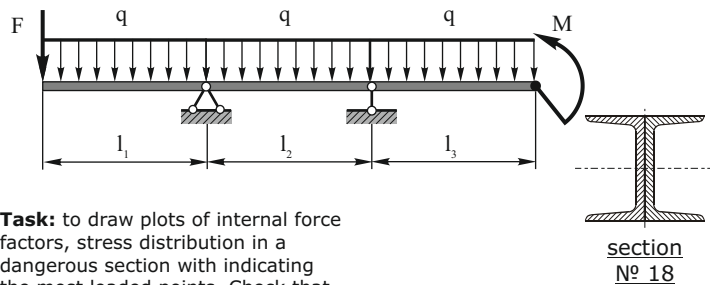
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$t, \text{ kNm/m}$	$T_1, \text{ kNm}$	$T_2, \text{ kNm}$	$T_3, \text{ kNm}$
0,8	0,2	0,5	34	26	26	8
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
1,9	0,8	1,1	0,8	1,2	6/0	AJ13

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

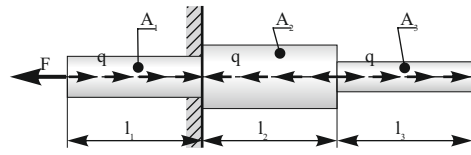


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

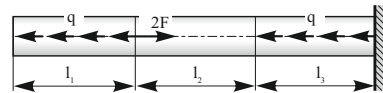
$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Steel
0,2	0,4	0,3	19	22	37	Cr4

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

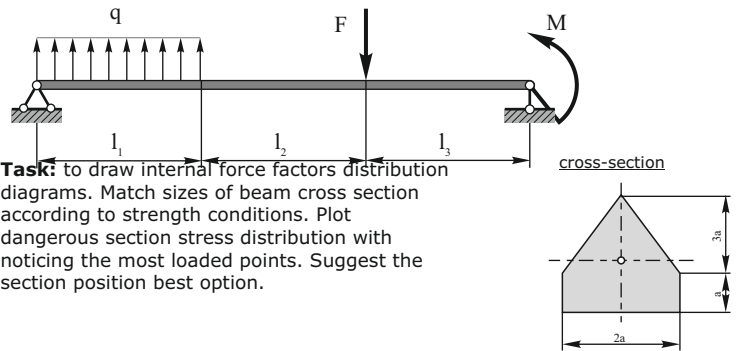
#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, \text{ kN}$	$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$
30	0,5	0,1	0,5
$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
17	1,9	1,3	1,5

#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
40X
$A_4, \text{ cm}^2$
7,2

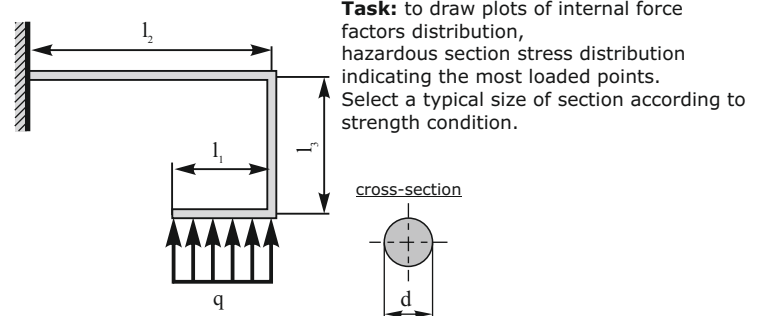
### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.



**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Material
1,2	0,8	2,2	22	11	12	BЧ40-10

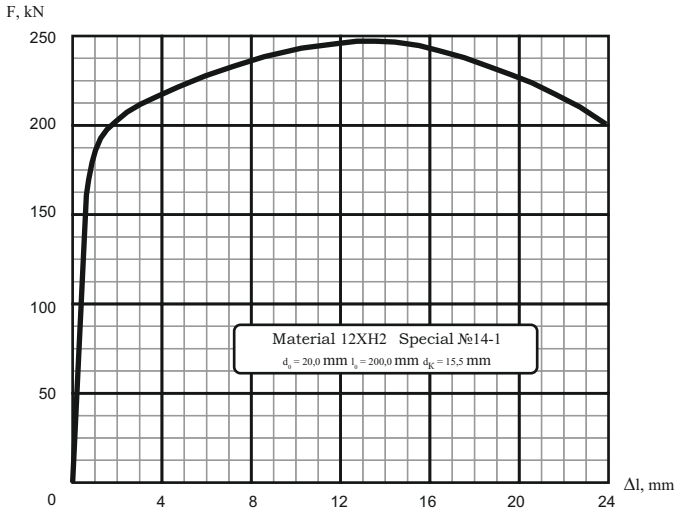
### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.

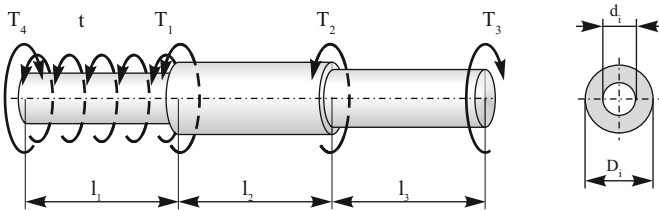
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		15
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

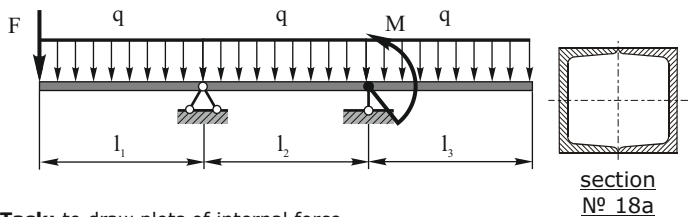
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$t, \text{ kNm/m}$	$T_1, \text{ kNm}$	$T_2, \text{ kNm}$	$T_3, \text{ kNm}$
0,2	0,3	0,5	33	34	41	39
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,3	0,6	1,0	0,6	1,9	6/0	AJ12

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

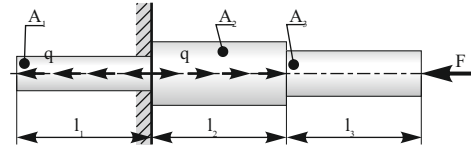


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

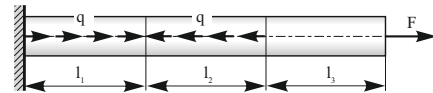
$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Steel
0,2	0,3	0,8	46	46	48	Cr3

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

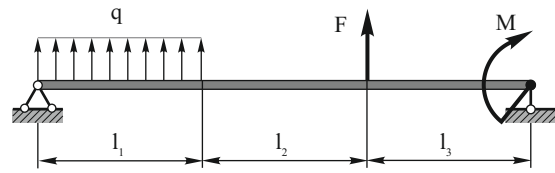
#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, \text{ kN}$	$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$
25	0,9	0,2	0,2
$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
17	1,0	2,7	2,2

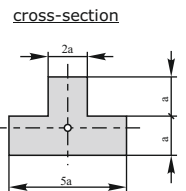
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
20X
$A_4, \text{ cm}^2$
7,1

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

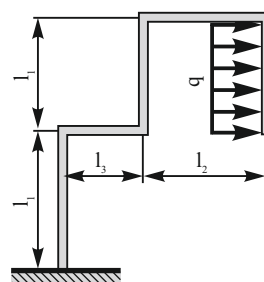


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

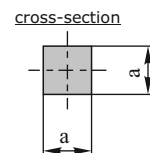


$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Material
0,1	0,3	0,2	10	14	50	BH50-1,5

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.





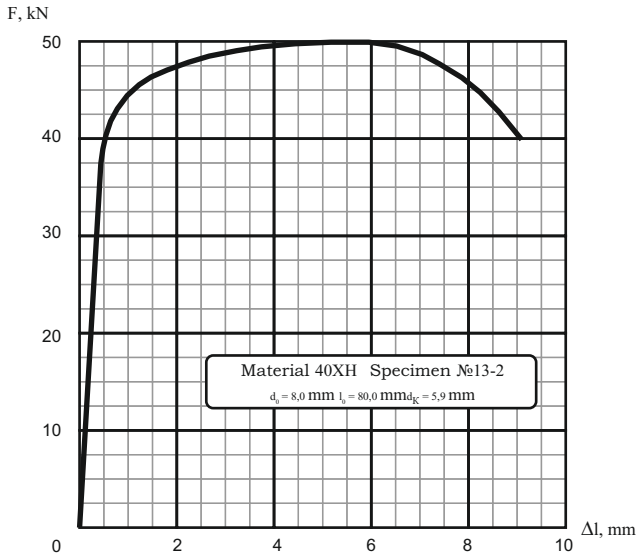
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

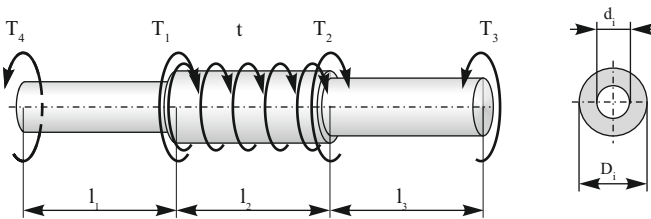
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		16
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

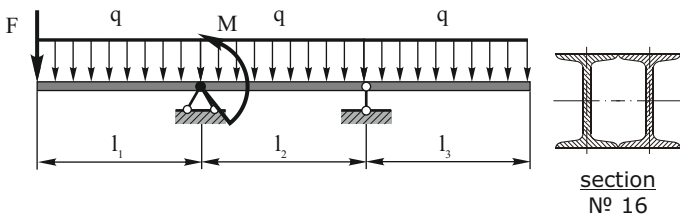
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$t, \text{ kNm/m}$	$T_1, \text{ kNm}$	$T_2, \text{ kNm}$	$T_3, \text{ kNm}$
0,5	0,5	0,6	11	36	32	28
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,0	0,5	2,7	0,5	1,9	6/0	AJ18

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

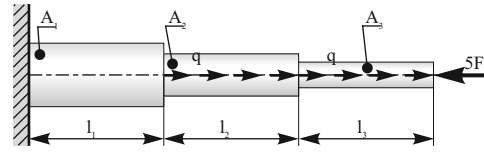


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Steel
0,6	0,7	0,8	41	11	29	Cr2

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

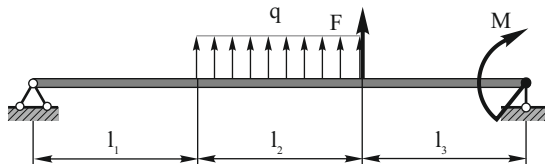
### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, \text{ kN}$	$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$
39	0,8	0,1	0,6
$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
14	1,5	2,5	2,6

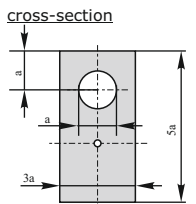
### Additional data for task 3:

Material
60Г
$A_4, \text{ cm}^2$
5,4

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

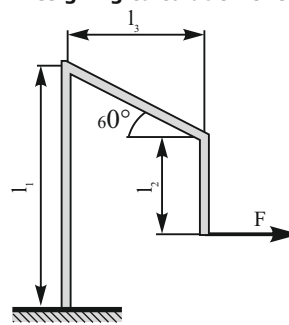


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

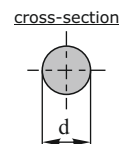


$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Material
0,7	0,3	0,2	40	5	5	ВЧ40-10

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.







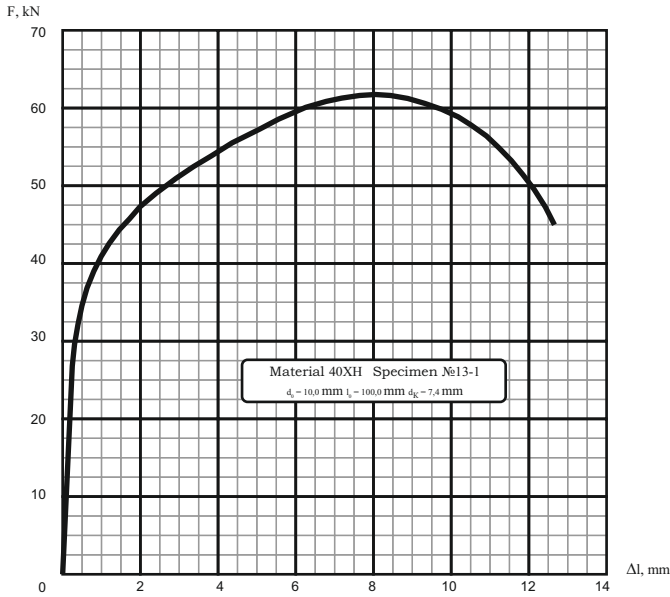
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

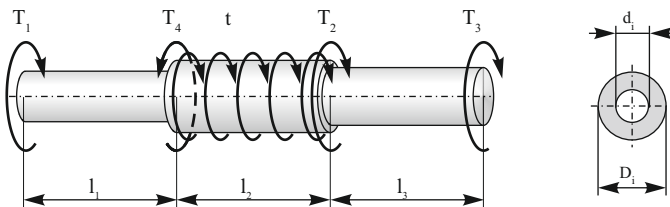
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		17
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.

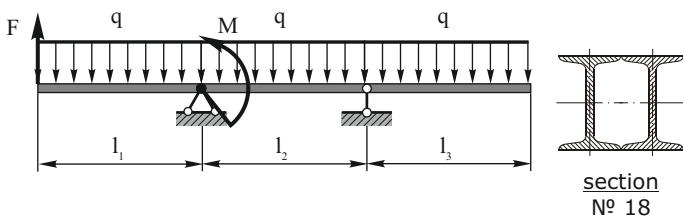


**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,3	0,6	0,6	8	12	19	35

$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,7	0,4	2,1	0,4	2,8	6/0	АЛ9

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

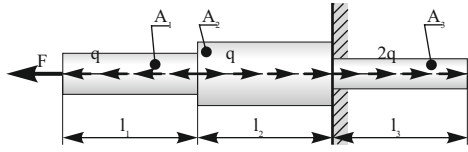


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

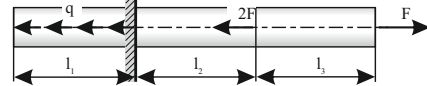
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel
0,4	0,7	0,8	23	30	16	Cr1

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

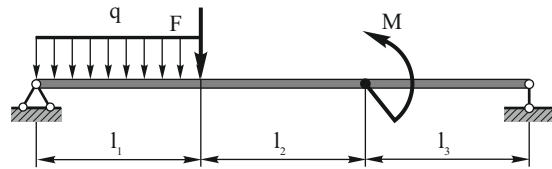
$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
24	0,4	0,2	0,2

$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
19	1,6	1,2	1,2

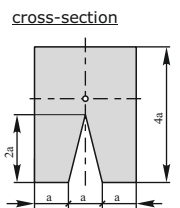
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
30Г
$A_4, cm^2$
7,5

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

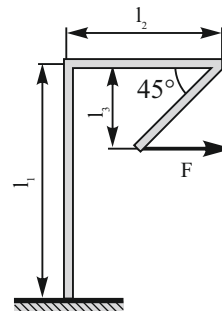


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

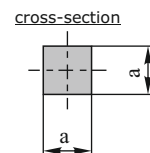


$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,2	0,3	0,7	20	5	5	СЧ38-60

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.





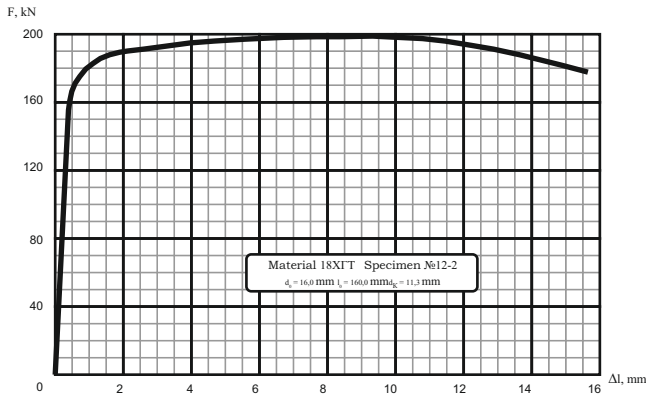
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

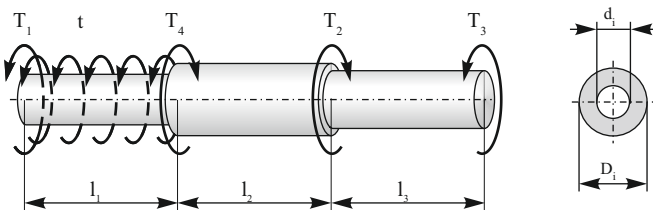
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		18
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

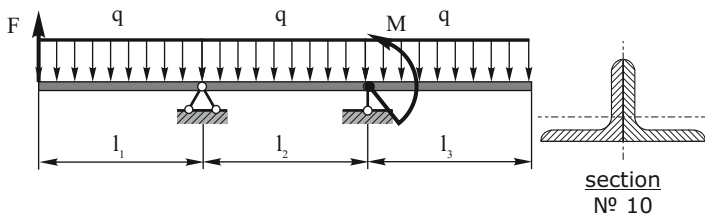
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$t, \text{ kNm/m}$	$T_1, \text{ kNm}$	$T_2, \text{ kNm}$	$T_3, \text{ kNm}$
0,7	0,8	0,6	48	18	26	18
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,2	0,4	1,5	0,4	1,5	6/0	АЛ11

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

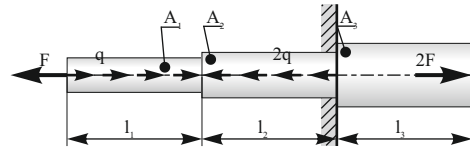


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

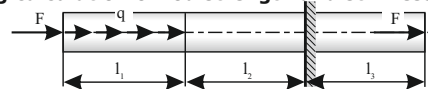
$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Steel
0,5	0,8	0,2	5	38	50	60

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

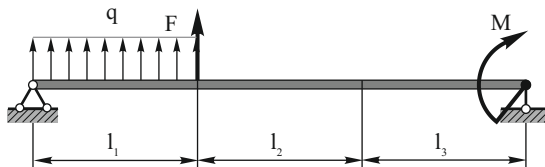
#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, \text{ kN}$	$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$
23	0,1	0,2	0,6
$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
15	3,0	1,2	2,8

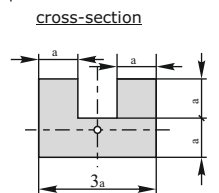
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
ЖС6К
$A_4, \text{ cm}^2$
5,7

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

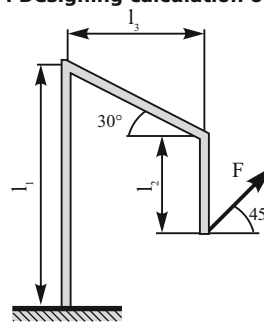


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.



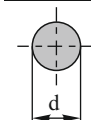
$l_1, \text{ m}$	$l_2, \text{ m}$	$l_3, \text{ m}$	$F, \text{ kN}$	$q, \text{ kN/m}$	$M, \text{ kNm}$	Material
0,2	0,9	0,2	20	5	5	ВЧ60-20

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.

#### cross-section





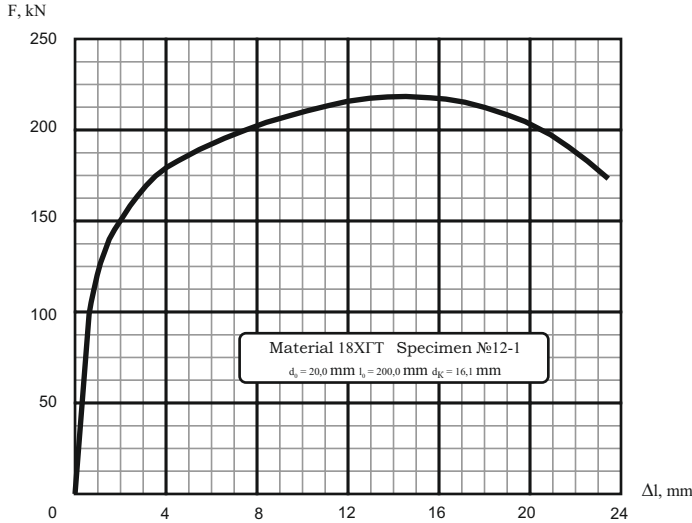
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## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

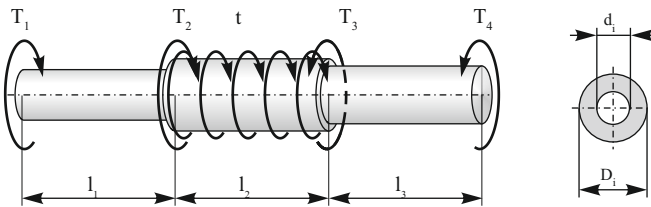
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		19
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.

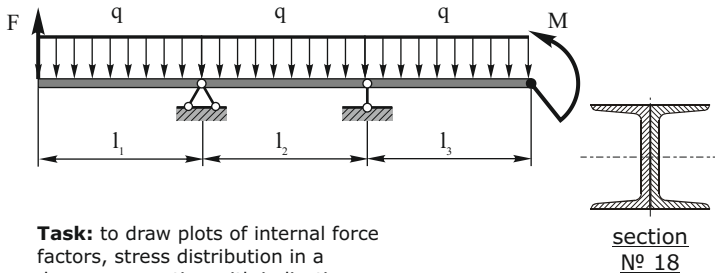


**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,2	0,8	0,6	13	29	23	25

$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
2,4	0,6	1,5	0,6	2,4	0,6	Al13

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

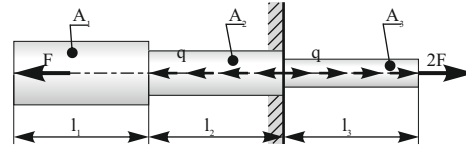


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

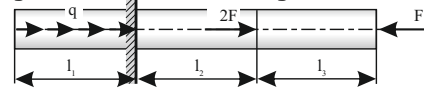
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel
0,6	0,5	0,4	47	44	28	50

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

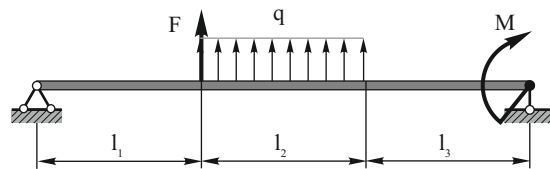
$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
26	1,0	0,6	0,5

$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
18	1,8	1,4	2,8

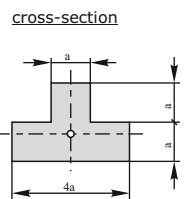
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
1X18H9T
$A_4, cm^2$
6,5

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

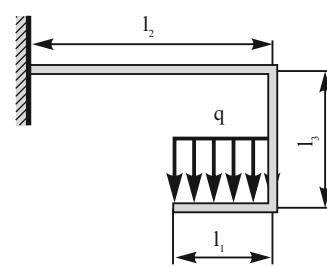


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.

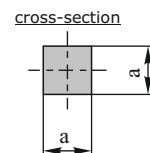


$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,2	0,3	0,2	20	25	5	C435-56

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.





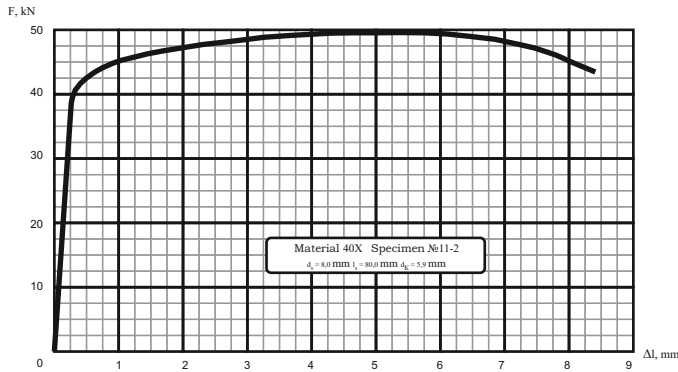
USATU

кафедра  
СОПРОТИВЛЕНИЯ  
МАТЕРИАЛОВ

## Computational and graphical work of strength of material

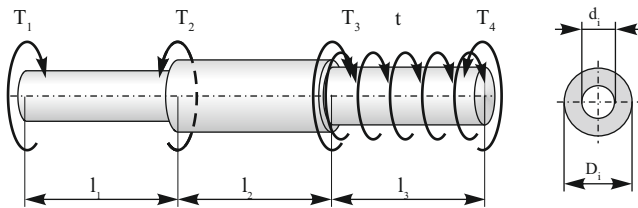
Group	Name and surname	Variant
		20
Date of issue	Deadline	Lecturer

### 1. Calculation of physical & mechanical properties of materials.



**Task:** according to a given diagram of material tension, it is necessary to determine the basic mechanical characteristics - the limit of proportionality, yield limit, strength limit, tensile stress. Determine the cross-sectional area of the sample before and after the tests, the relative residual elongation, narrowing. Calculate permissible stresses.

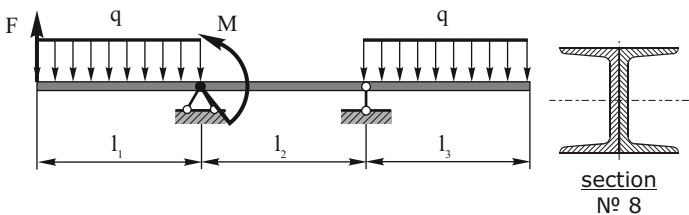
### 4. Checking calculation of strength of staged rod under torsion.



**Task:** plot torque moments, shear stresses in fractions of  $d^3$ . Perform strength analysis and determine the base rod diameter  $d$ . Plot relative and absolute rotation angles, shear stresses and distribution diagram of tangential radial stress in a dangerous section.

$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$t, kNm/m$	$T_1, kNm$	$T_2, kNm$	$T_3, kNm$
0,7	0,5	0,2	36	36	20	43
$D_1/d$	$d_1/d$	$D_2/d$	$d_2/d$	$D_3/d$	$d_3/d$	Material
1,0	0,3	3,0	0,3	1,9	6/0	АЛ19

### 6. Checking calculation of beam made of rolled sections.

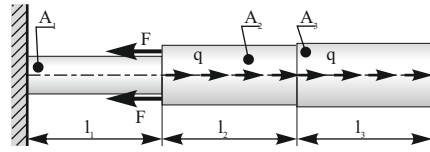


**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors, stress distribution in a dangerous section with indicating the most loaded points. Check that the strength condition is met. The section is made of standard rolling sections.

#### Input data for tasks 6 and 7:

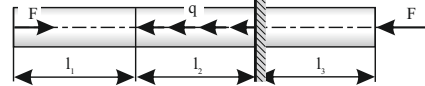
$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Steel
0,3	0,2	0,5	17	24	31	45

### 2. Designing calculation of strength of staged rod.



**Task:** for a given stepped rod it is necessary to build distribution diagrams of longitudinal forces, plot of stresses in fractions of the area cross-section A. Find the cross-sectional area A according to strength conditions. Plot normal stress. Construction material is taken from task 1.

### 3. Checking calculation of rod strength and stiffness.



**Task:** for a rod with a constant cross-sectional area  $A_4$ , it is necessary to plot the longitudinal forces and axial displacements, perform strength and stiffness calculations.

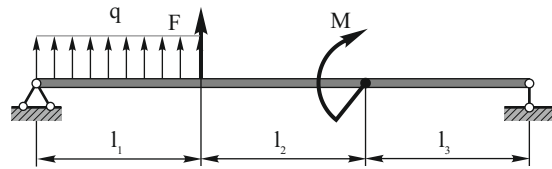
#### Input data for tasks 2 and 3:

$F, kN$	$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$
21	0,4	0,1	0,4
$q, kN/m$	$A_1/A$	$A_2/A$	$A_3/A$
15	1,8	2,6	3,0

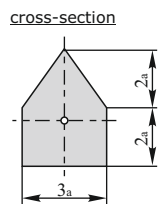
#### Additional data for task 3:

Material
1X17H2
$A_4, cm^2$
7,1

### 5. Designing calculation of strength under bending.

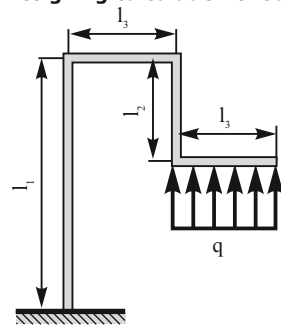


**Task:** to draw internal force factors distribution diagrams. Match sizes of beam cross section according to strength conditions. Plot dangerous section stress distribution with noticing the most loaded points. Suggest the section position best option.



$l_1, m$	$l_2, m$	$l_3, m$	$F, kN$	$q, kN/m$	$M, kNm$	Material
0,2	0,3	0,2	20	40	5	СЧ12-28

### 7. Designing calculation of strength of plane frame.



**Task:** to draw plots of internal force factors distribution, hazardous section stress distribution indicating the most loaded points. Select a typical size of section according to strength condition.

